Committee on Enterprise Trade and Investment Inquiry

Growing the Economy and Creating Jobs with Lower Corporation Tax



What's the ambition?

"Europe must re-industrialize. The target is 20% of GDP".

EU Director General for Enterprise and Industry, Daniel Calleja Crespo

Manufacturing currently represents an estimated 12.5% of GDP. Just think what achieving 20% would do for the local economy and for communities right across Northern Ireland!

But, this is only possible if we resolve the issue of competitiveness.



How do we get there?

The issue isn't one of demand, quality of innovation...

...the issue is the cost of doing business.

Richard Ramsay, Chief Economist, Ulster Bank



MNI's is open to work with the Assembly to...

Create the most competitive region in Europe in which to start, sustain and grow a manufacturing business, thus creating wealth and work.





3 policy gaps...







Investment is stalled whilst there remains long term uncertainty - industrial de-rating needs locked in legislation.





As a pre-accession relief, this is a positive point of difference.
Certainty will see investment provided the promised savings from RPA are realised.





Actions Required?

- Industrial de-rating needs to be secured for the long term through legislation
- The 'rate in the pound' should not exceed current levels.
- Continuing policy of holding of district rate level
- Demonstrable economies of scale from RPA through reducing/holding local rate poundage.



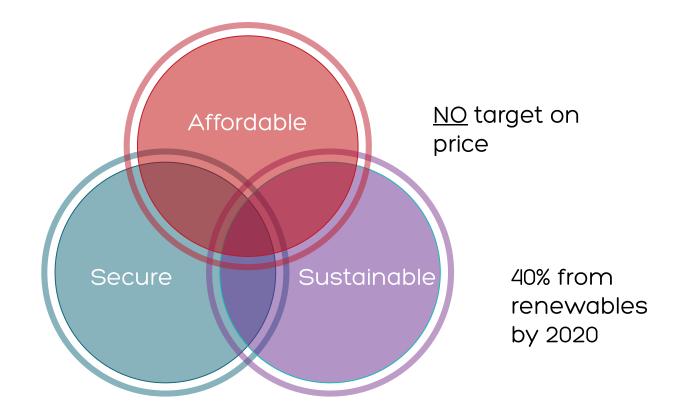


Energy prices, specifically electricity, which is competitive within Europe.





Minimum standard of security

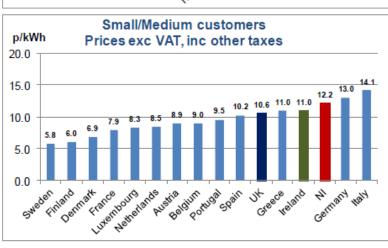


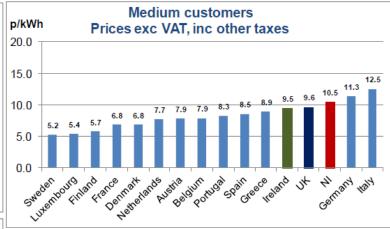


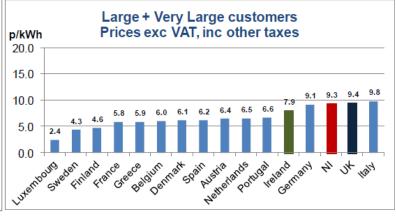


How are we doing?











Actions required?

- Set a target on competitive price
- Get control of generator margins
- Drive efficiencies in how market operates
- Support demand reduction / AGUs
- Avoid unnecessary additional costs
- Break monopolies
- Allocate costs to support business





Greater investment in providing a skilled workforce - at all levels - and an employment law regime which encourages permanent jobs.





Ranked 45th (compared to GB ranking 5th) in labour market efficiency; jobs remain unfilled and labour imported; careers in manufacturing undervalued.





Actions required?

- A fit for purpose employment law regime
- Greater availability of quality leadership, management, specialist training and apprenticeships.
- Closer working between education and business supported by an expert panel of employers
- An enhanced profile for apprenticeships.
- Funding should move to employers
- Prioritise and protect STEM apprenticeships.
- Investment in 3rd level study where manufacturers are based.





The physical and enterprise support infrastructure which serves business effectively.





Delivery of strategically important infrastructure is too slow or not funded; Department 'gold-plating' whilst other regions are agile





Actions required?

- Agile ways to support in capital investment.
- 'Supercharge' thru enhanced capital allowances.
- Simplified and streamlined processes of applying for government support schemes.
- A start to the strategic road projects
- Efficient delivery of energy infrastructural
- Investigation into the costs of ferry travel.
- Single, capital projects delivery body.





We will deliver:

- More wealth and work across
 Northern Ireland
- Modernised production facilities
- Greater contribution to GDP
- Sub-regional development
- Quality, well paid employment
- An investment in skills
- Capital Investment
- A reduction carbonised emission

But we need:

- A cross cutting Manufacturing Strategy and a cost competitive environment
- A long term commitment on de-rating
- Competitive energy prices
- Improved infrastructure
- Facilitative employment law
- Investment in training at all levels
- More agile enterprise support
- Efficient utilities and an electricity market that works for customers

Reminder of our priority area and the 3 policy gaps...





Thank you! Questions?

