

# Air Passenger Duty: Cut in Northern Ireland Rate

#### Who is likely to be affected?

Air passengers (including business and tourists) departing from airports in Northern Ireland on direct long-haul flights, airlines and airports operating the flights (and potential new flights from Northern Ireland airports).

#### General description of the measure

This measure cuts air passenger duty (APD) for passengers travelling from Northern Ireland on direct long-haul flights (bands B, C and D) to the prevailing short-haul (band A) rates of duty. The band A rates of duty are currently £12 in economy (reduced rate) and £24 in business/first class (standard rate). As announced at the Autumn Statement on 29 November, the band A rates will rise to £13 and £26 respectively, from 1 April 2012.

#### Policy objective

The APD cut in Northern Ireland helps to maintain Northern Ireland's vital air link to North America. It also offers a fresh opportunity for airlines to develop new long-haul services, supporting business and tourism in Northern Ireland.

#### **Background to the measure**

Budget 2011 launched a consultation on APD, which included a question on whether APD should be devolved to Northern Ireland. The consultation closed on 17 June 2011.

On 27 September 2011, the Government announced that, effective from 1 November 2011, APD for passengers travelling on direct long-haul routes departing from airports in Northern Ireland would be cut to the lower short-haul rate. To provide a lasting solution, the Government has also launched a parallel process to devolve aspects of APD to the Northern Ireland Assembly.

## **Detailed proposal**

#### **Operative date**

The rate cut applies to direct long haul flights departing from Northern Ireland from 1 November 2011 (irrespective of when the ticket for the flight was booked or purchased).

#### **Current law**

Legislation defining the rates applicable to each destination band is contained in section 30 of the Finance Act 1994. Schedule 5A of the same Act lists the countries in each band.

#### **Proposed revisions**

Legislation will be introduced in Finance Bill 2012. Section 30 will be amended to provide for the rates to be applied to direct long haul flights from Northern Ireland.

### **Summary of impacts**

Evologuer	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
Exchequer impact (£m)			- 5	- 5	- 5	- 5
impact (£iii)	negligible	negligible		•	•	•
	These figures were set out in Table 2.1 of the Autumn Statement and have been certified by the Office of Budget Responsibility. More detail can be found in the policy costings document published alongside the Autum Statement.  The tax base is all direct flights from Northern Ireland to long-have destinations (bands B, C and D). As a result of this cut in APD, we estimate that the number of passengers on such flights may increase by a smalamount. The impact on the cost of the measure is estimated to be negligible.					
Economic impact	The reduction in tax on direct long-haul flights from Northern Ireland may lower ticket prices for such journeys and in turn increase demand, but the overall effect is expected to be negligible. Overall, we expect the macroeconomic effects will also be negligible.					
Impact on individuals and households	There are an estimated 3.75 million passengers departing from Northern Ireland in 2012-13. Of these between 1 per cent and 2 per cent travel on flights directly to bands B, C and D.					
Equalities impacts	No different impact on protected groups is expected.					
Impact on business including civil society organisations	Currently only three operators (one scheduled, two charter) are affected by this measure. The only change to the APD declaration process for business is that passengers travelling on direct flights to bands B, C and D from Northern Ireland would instead be reported as band A passengers, as the tax rate is the same.					
			compliance this change, a			
Operational impact (£m) (HMRC or other)			sts for HMRC			
Other impacts	<u>Carbon assessment:</u> The policy is expected to have a negligible impact on carbon emissions, and as aviation enters the EU Emissions Trading Scheme from January 2012 any increase will be offset by emission reductions in other covered sectors.					

### Monitoring and evaluation

HMRC will monitor receipts and information collected on tax returns, as well as the wider impact of the policy.

#### **Further advice**

If you have any questions about this change, please contact Pardip Bans on 020 7270 6178 (email: Pardip.Bans@hmtreasury.gsi.gov.uk).