Northern Ireland Economic Strategy

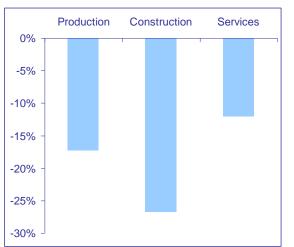
David Sterling

Permanent Secretary Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment



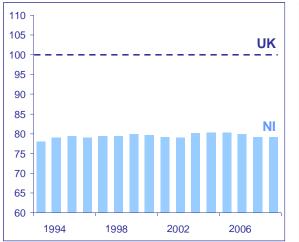


Northern Ireland Economic Trends



Recession

Living Standards



- Large falls across the private sector since 2008
- Services output -12%
- Production output -17%
- Construction output -27%

- GVA per capita remained around 80% of UK average
- Caused by low employment / high inactivity and too few high value job opportunities to increase wealth
- No convergence on key
 economic variables forecast

2010

2018

2026

2002

Forecasts

- Living Standards - Productivity - Employment Rate

105

100

95

90

85

80

75

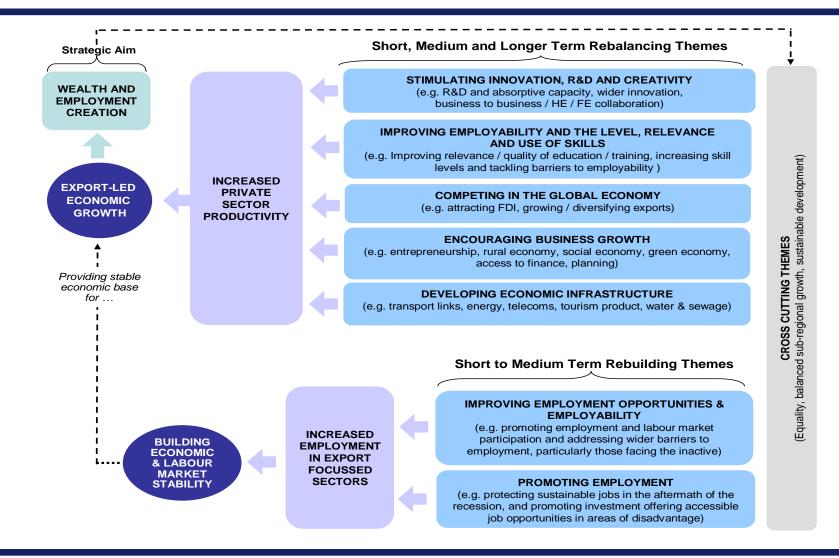
1994

 Gap with UK average on living standards and labour productivity expected to increase by 2030 a growing private sector, with more firms competing in global markets and growing employment and prosperity for all

- Vision is long term, reflects the reality that it will take some time to **rebalance** our economy and build a stronger private sector
- Executive also recognises the need to rebuild the local labour market following the recession



Seven key themes underpinning vision



4

1. Innovation, R&D and Creativity

- Private Sector Capacity Building
- Commercialisation of University/Public Sector Research
- Research/Innovation Infrastructure
- Finance to Support R&D/Innovative Start-ups

- New qualification targets through Further Education, Higher Education, Essential Skills and Training
- Increase skills in subject areas important to the NI economy such as Science, Technology, Engineering and Maths (STEM)
- Focus on management and leadership

3. Competing Globally

- Widen the Export Base
- Developing Local Supply Chains
- Diversifying into New Export Markets
- Seeking new Foreign Direct Investment

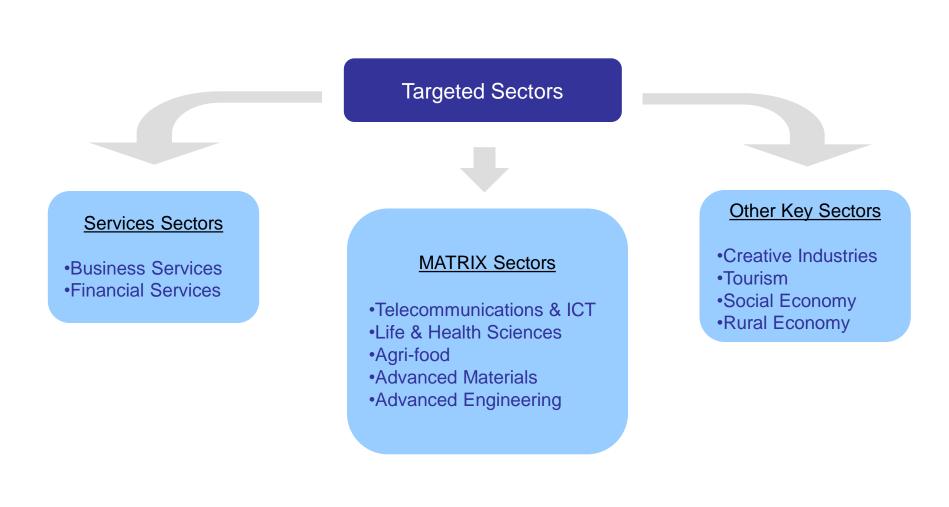
4. Business Growth

- Entrepreneurship
- Access to Finance
- Green Economy
- Social Economy
- Tourism

5. Economic Infrastructure

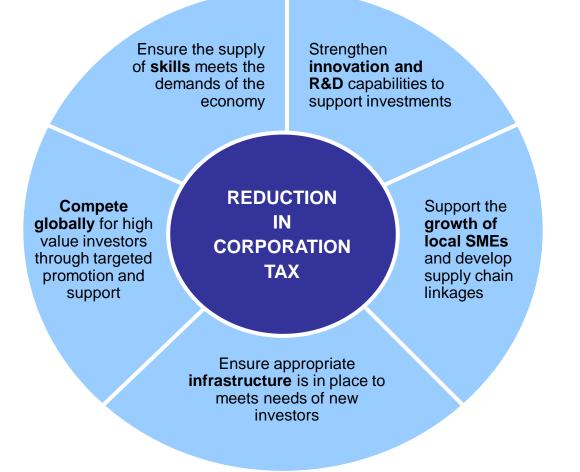
- Energy Infrastructure
- Renewable Energy
- Transport infrastructure
- Telecoms Infrastructure
- Tourist/Cultural Infrastructure

Target those areas with greatest potential for growth



Prioritisation

Taking Advantage of Corporation Tax



Research & Innovation

 Stimulating Innovation, R&D and Creativity is the key rebalancing theme of the NI Economic Strategy

Information and Communication Technologies

• Telecoms is an important element of the Economic Infrastructure theme

Competitiveness of SMEs

 Consistent with the Business Growth & Competing tin the Global Economy themes

Low Carbon Economy

 Key part of Economic infrastructure theme (with links to Business Growth – Green Economy)





Northern Ireland Economic Strategy

David Sterling

Permanent Secretary Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment



